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Canadian border immigration records,

1895–1950s Part 1: The records

id your ancestor immigrate to the United States by crossing the U.S.-Canada border? The U.S. government began keeping records of alien arrivals at the Canadian border in 1895. Part 1 of this article will introduce the U.S. records that document U.S.-Canada land border crossings. In a future issue, part 2 of this article will examine the interesting process by which those records were created and work through some case studies.

Pre-1895 arrivals

Researchers can document the date—or approximate date—of pre-1895 alien arrivals by using a variety of records. Federal census records for 1900, 1910, 1920, and 1930 ask each foreign-born person's year of immigration to the U.S. An immigrant's presence or absence in earlier censuses can help approximate the decade in which he arrived. Post-1906 naturalization records should include the date and port of arrival, and pre-1906 often do so.

Newspaper obituaries might mention the immigrant's year of arrival. If he lived in a city after arrival in America, his sudden appearance in the annual city directory could be a clue that he arrived in the U.S. a year or two before. Use clues from these and other records to narrow down that pre-1895



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The researcher seeking a pre-1895 immigration record should also check the 1895 and later immigration records described below. Aliens often departed from the U.S. and returned at a later date. An alien's post-1895 arrival manifest may therefore tell you the date and port of his previous arrival(s).

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Understanding Canadian border immigration records first requires learning about the governmental administrative structure and process that created them. The filing scheme matters. Where was the record created, where was that record filed, and why?

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Canadian border crossings microfilm publication chart

As of June 2007 Record Group 85, Records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service

Number Title and Comments

M1461

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Soundex Index to Entries into the St. Albans, Vermont, District Through Canadian Pacific and Atlantic Ports, 1924-1952. 98 rolls. Manifests of Passengers Arriving in the St. Albans, Vermont, District, through Canadian Pacific and Atlantic Ports, 1895-1954. 639 rolls. In addition to seaport arrivals, this index should include land border entries from Maine to North Dakota for 1924-27, land

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Far Western U.S.

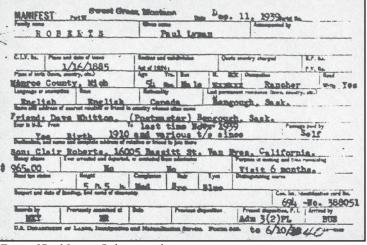
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Front of Paul Lyman Roberts card.

persons had either been absent from the U.S. for a long period of time or who were leaving the U.S. permanently.

Let's take a look at a few interesting records to see what we

can find. Let's start with National Archives Microfilm Publication A3440, Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Sweet Grass, Montana, August 1917-June 1954, roll 15. Here is Paul Lyman Roberts on an INS Form 548 card manifest that tells us he was born 16 January 1885 at Monroe County, Michigan, and had lived in the U.S. from his birth until 1910. He was a Canadian citizen, a rancher, living in Bengough, Saskatchewan. He had been in the U.S. several times since 1910, the

last time being in November 1939. This manifest was dated 11 December 1939. He planned to visit the U.S. for six months. His destination was his son, Clair Roberts, 16005 Bassit [sic] Street,

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Front of Rebecca Dennison's card.

California. He was bringing \$965 with him. Perhaps because he had such a large sum of money on him, the immigration inspector noted the amount of land (1/2 section)and money in the bank (more than \$19,000) back home as evidence of this man's temporary arrival.

Now let's turn to **National Archives** Microfilm Publication A3441, Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Port Huron, Michigan, February 1902–December 1954, Roll 27. Here is Rebecca Dennison on INS Form 657 Record of Registry. She originally entered the U.S. at Port

her photograph. She was born in Zitomir, Wolinsky, Russia.

Huron, Michigan on 5 December

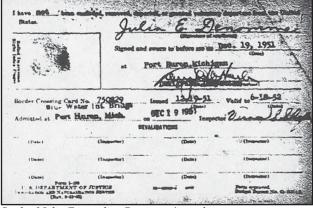
1919, when she was 24 years, 10

created on 28 April 1931 as an

description (eye color, hair color,

and height) is given along with

Julia Evangeline Denomme is also found in A3441, Roll 27, on INS Form I-189, Application for Resident Alien's Border Crossing Identification Card. Bad typing makes her surname nearly illegible



Back of Julia Evangeline Denomme's card.

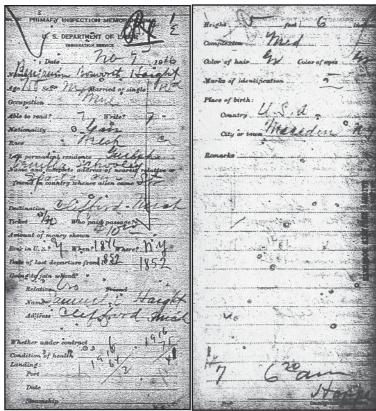
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A3429 Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Algonac, Marine City, Roberts Landing, Saint Clair, and Sault Sainte Marie, Michigan, 1903-1955. 8 rolls. More than 59,000 manifests.

A3434 Indexes and Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Anchorage, Juneau, Skagway, and Tok Junction, Alaska, ca. 1910-ca. 1956. More than

A3440	2,200 records. Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Sweet Grass, Montana, August 1917-June 1954. 18 rolls. More than 106,000
A3441	manifests. Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Port Huron, Michigan, February 1902-December 1954. 41 rolls. More than
A3445	225,000 alien arrivals. Land Border Entries and Passenger Lists of Vessels Arriving at Vancouver and Victoria, British Columbia, Canada, January 1894-Feb-
A3447	ruary 1905. 7 rolls. Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Chief Mountain, Cut Bank, Del Bonita, Gateway, Great Falls, and Roosville, Montana, 1923-1956, and of Alien Departures from Great Falls, Montana, 1944-1945. 5 rolls. More
A3448	than 17,000 manifests. Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Havre, Loring, Opheim, Raymond, Turner, Westby, and White Tail, Montana, 1924-1956. 10 rolls. More
M1365	than 50,000 manifests. Certificates of Head Tax Paid by Aliens Arriving at Seattle from Foreign Contiguous Territory, 1917- 1924. 10 rolls.
M1478	Card Manifests (Alphabetical) of Individuals Entering Through the Port of Detroit, Michigan, 1906-1954. 117 rolls.
M1480	Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Buffalo, Lewiston, Niagara Falls, and Rochester, New York, 1902-1954. 165 rolls. More than 1,000,000 manifests. These records were described in Claire Prechtel-Kluskens, "One Million More 1902-1954 Immigration Records are Now Available!" NGS NewsMagazine 29 (March/April 2003): 58-59.
M1481	Alphabetical Card Mani-

at the top of the card, but her signature on the reverse side is clear, and her name is clear on a 1941 manifest that follows as the very next card on the microfilm. From the I-189, we learn that she resides at 29416 Legion Street, Roseville, Michigan. She was born 11 December 1909 at



Front and back of Benjamin Bosworth Haight's card.

Zurich, Ontario. She had entered the U.S. on 16 June 1929 by ferry boat under the name Julia Evangeline Ducharme. Her physical description is given. She applied for the border crossing card on 19 December 1951. Being an alien, she had registered with the INS as required by law, and her alien registration number is noted on the card.

Benjamin Bosworth Haight is found in A3441, Roll 12. He was recorded on 7 November 1916 on INS Form Spl. 187, *Primary Inspection Memorandum*. He's another example of a U.S.-born Canadian citizen returning "home." This record shows that he was age 75, married, and a Canadian citizen of Welsh descent. He was born in Macedon, New York, and had lived in the U.S. from 1841 (birth year) until 1852. Benjamin's sister, Venilla Schooley, remained in Canada, but he was going to Clifford, Michigan, where his brother Samuel E. Haight lived.

These four examples may not be typical but they certainly illustrate the potential that exists in these records for finding useful information about your family.

Types of card manifests created

The traditional ship passenger list form made sense for recording passengers arriving on a steamship, but a huge list was unwieldy when recording individuals or families coming by foot, train, or car. Individual card manifests were easier to handle, and could be alphabetically arranged to make it easier to locate an individual's arrival record at some later date for official purposes, such as verification of entry for naturalization applications. Naturally, different forms were used for different purposes. Some of the most common forms are described below.

INS Form 548, 548-B, or I-448, Manifest or Report of Inspection, generally includes the person's name, age, gender, marital status, place of birth, physical description, occupation, citizenship (nationality), race, ability to read and write and in what language, place of last permanent residence, port and date of arrival, destination, purpose for entering the U.S., intention of becoming a U.S. citizen or of returning to country of previous residence, head tax status, and previous citizenships. It also includes the name and address of the friend or relative whom the alien intended to join, persons accompanying the alien, and the name and address of the alien's nearest relative or friend in the country from which he or she came. If the alien had ever been in the U.S. in the past, the dates and places of such residence or visitation are indicated. Additional information may be recorded if the alien appealed a decision deporting or barring him or her from entering the United States. Form 548-B was used for INS records indexing projects by employees of the Works Progress Administration (WPA) during the 1930s.

INS Form 521, a pre-entry examination form, includes the person's name, gender, age, place of birth, country of citizenship, home address, and the names of any accompanying children under age 16. For aliens, the person's occupation, destination in the U.S., the name of the person to whom he was destined, and the intended length of stay in the U.S. were also recorded. The reverse side of the card states, in part, that "This form is intended to facilitate the entry into the United States of returning United States citizens, aliens lawfully resident in the United States returning from a temporary visit to Canada, and aliens coming from Canada for a temporary visit. It should be filled out, signed, and presented to a United States immigration officer at Halifax, Yarmouth, St. John (New Brunswick), Quebec, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, Victory, or Sidney (British Columbia)."

INS Form 657, *Record of Registry*, includes the following information about the alien *as of the alien's date of arrival*: name; age; occupation; race or people; place of last residence before entry; and date, port, place, and means (ship, railway, or other) of arrival in the U.S. This form also includes the following information about the alien *as of the alien's date of registry*: name, age, occupation, physical description, place of residence, and place of birth. It also includes the alien's photograph, date of approval of registry, certificate of registry number, district file number, and bureau (registry) file number.

INS Form 694, *Record of Alien Admitted as Visitor*, includes the person's name, home address, date and place of birth, gender, marital status, occupation, citizenship (nationality), race, color of hair and eyes, height, names and ages of accompanying children under age sixteen, home address and nearest relative there, destination, length of time admitted, signature, and date and place of admission to the U.S. The reverse side indicates the date and port of departure.

INS Form I-94, I-94B, I-94(C), I-94(E), I-94F, or 257D, *Record of Alien Admitted for Temporary Stay*, includes the alien's name, date and place of birth, gender, marital status, occupation, citizenship (nationality), physical description, names of accompanying alien children under age 14,

Alien and Citizen Arrivals at Hogansburg, Malone, Morristown, Nyando, Ogdensburg, Rooseveltown, and Waddington, New York, July 1929-April 1956. 3 rolls. More than 19,000 manifests. M2016 Alphabetical Index of Alien Arrivals at Eagle, Hyder, Ketchikan, Nome, and Skagway, Alaska, June 1906-August 1946. 1 roll. M2017 Lists of Aliens Arriving at Skagway (White Pass), Alaska, October 1906-November 1934. 1 roll. M2018 Lists of Aliens Arriving at Eagle, Alaska, December 1910-October 1938. 1 roll. M2042 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Calais, Maine, ca. 1906-1952. 5 rolls. More than 37,500 manifests. M2046 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Jackman, Maine, ca. 1909-1953. 3 rolls. More than 17,600 manifests. M2044 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien and Citizen Arrivals at Fort Fairfield, Maine, ca. 1909-April 1953. 1 roll. M2065 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Van Buren, Maine, ca. 1906-1952. 1 roll. More than 6,300 manifests. M2071 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Van Buren, Maine, ca. 1906-1952. 1 roll. More than 6,300 manifests. M2071 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Vanceboro, Maine, ca. 1906-December 24, 1952. 13 rolls.	M1482	fests of Alien Arrivals at Alexandria Bay, Cape Vin- cent, Champlain, Clayton, Fort Covington, Mooers, Rouses Point, Thousand Island Bridge, and Trout River, New York, July 1929-April 1956. 3 rolls. More than 22,000 mani- fests. Soundex Card Manifests of
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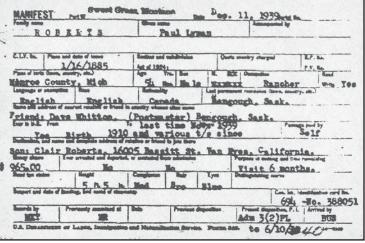
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California. He was bringing \$965 with him. Perhaps because he had such a large sum of money on him, the immigration inspector noted the amount of land (1/2 section)and money in the bank (more than \$19,000) back home as evidence of this man's temporary arrival.

Now let's turn to **National Archives** Microfilm Publication A3441, Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Port Huron, Michigan, February 1902–December 1954, Roll 27. Here is Rebecca Dennison on INS Form 657 Record of Registry. She originally entered the U.S. at Port

her photograph. She was born in Zitomir, Wolinsky, Russia.

Huron, Michigan on 5 December

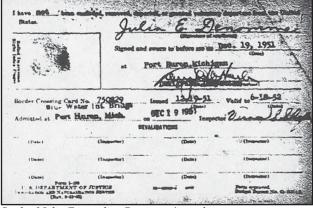
1919, when she was 24 years, 10

created on 28 April 1931 as an

description (eye color, hair color,

and height) is given along with

Julia Evangeline Denomme is also found in A3441, Roll 27, on INS Form I-189, Application for Resident Alien's Border Crossing Identification Card. Bad typing makes her surname nearly illegible



Back of Julia Evangeline Denomme's card.

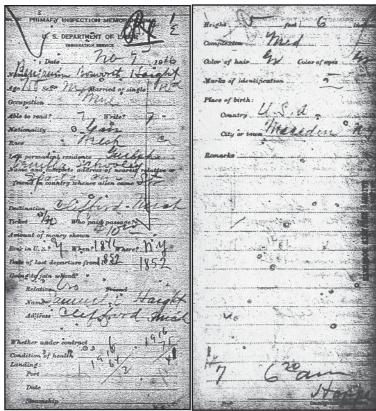
Vermont only for 1929-54. A3386 Manifests of Alien and months old. In 1919, she had lived Citizen Arrivals at Babb. Montana, June 1928-Octoin Hamilton, Ontario. A record of ber 1956. 3 rolls. More than her arrival should have been made 16,000 manifests. in 1919, but the INS could not find A3400 Manifests of Alien Arrivone, so this Record of Registry was als at International Falls, Baudette, Duluth, Mineral after-the-fact record of her 1919 ar-Center, Pigeon River, Pine Creek, Roseau, and Warrival. In 1931, she was 36 years, 5 road, Minnesota, January months old, and lived at 915 Fourth 1907-December 1952. 2 Street, Peoria, Illinois. Her physical rolls. More than 15,000 manifests. Manifests of Alien Arriv-A3401 als at Eastport, Fort Kent, Lubec, and Madawaska, Maine, ca. 1906-December 1952. 2 rolls. A3402 Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Newport, Vermont, ca. 1906-June 1924. 8 rolls. More than 60,000 manifests. A3403 Manifests of Alien and Selected U.S. Citizen Arrivals at Anacortes, Danville, Ferry, Laurier, Lynden, Marcus, Metaline Falls, Northport, Oroville, Port Angeles, and Sumas, Washington, May 1917-November 1956. 14 rolls. More than 75,000 manifests. A3416 Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Portal, North Dakota, 1915-1921. 4 rolls. More than 13,000 manifests. A3428 Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Bangor and Houlton, Maine, ca. 1906-1953. 3 rolls. More than 20,000 manifests.

A3429 Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Algonac, Marine City, Roberts Landing, Saint Clair, and Sault Sainte Marie, Michigan, 1903-1955. 8 rolls. More than 59,000 manifests.

A3434 Indexes and Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Anchorage, Juneau, Skagway, and Tok Junction, Alaska, ca. 1910-ca. 1956. More than

A3440	2,200 records. Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Sweet Grass, Montana, August 1917-June 1954. 18 rolls. More than 106,000
A3441	manifests. Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Port Huron, Michigan, February 1902-December 1954. 41 rolls. More than
A3445	225,000 alien arrivals. Land Border Entries and Passenger Lists of Vessels Arriving at Vancouver and Victoria, British Columbia, Canada, January 1894-Feb-
A3447	ruary 1905. 7 rolls. Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Chief Mountain, Cut Bank, Del Bonita, Gateway, Great Falls, and Roosville, Montana, 1923-1956, and of Alien Departures from Great Falls, Montana, 1944-1945. 5 rolls. More
A3448	than 17,000 manifests. Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Havre, Loring, Opheim, Raymond, Turner, Westby, and White Tail, Montana, 1924-1956. 10 rolls. More
M1365	than 50,000 manifests. Certificates of Head Tax Paid by Aliens Arriving at Seattle from Foreign Contiguous Territory, 1917- 1924. 10 rolls.
M1478	Card Manifests (Alphabetical) of Individuals Entering Through the Port of Detroit, Michigan, 1906-1954. 117 rolls.
M1480	Manifests of Alien Arrivals at Buffalo, Lewiston, Niagara Falls, and Rochester, New York, 1902-1954. 165 rolls. More than 1,000,000 manifests. These records were described in Claire Prechtel-Kluskens, "One Million More 1902-1954 Immigration Records are Now Available!" NGS NewsMagazine 29 (March/April 2003): 58-59.
M1481	Alphabetical Card Mani-

at the top of the card, but her signature on the reverse side is clear, and her name is clear on a 1941 manifest that follows as the very next card on the microfilm. From the I-189, we learn that she resides at 29416 Legion Street, Roseville, Michigan. She was born 11 December 1909 at



Front and back of Benjamin Bosworth Haight's card.

Zurich, Ontario. She had entered the U.S. on 16 June 1929 by ferry boat under the name Julia Evangeline Ducharme. Her physical description is given. She applied for the border crossing card on 19 December 1951. Being an alien, she had registered with the INS as required by law, and her alien registration number is noted on the card.

Benjamin Bosworth Haight is found in A3441, Roll 12. He was recorded on 7 November 1916 on INS Form Spl. 187, *Primary Inspection Memorandum*. He's another example of a U.S.-born Canadian citizen returning "home." This record shows that he was age 75, married, and a Canadian citizen of Welsh descent. He was born in Macedon, New York, and had lived in the U.S. from 1841 (birth year) until 1852. Benjamin's sister, Venilla Schooley, remained in Canada, but he was going to Clifford, Michigan, where his brother Samuel E. Haight lived.

These four examples may not be typical but they certainly illustrate the potential that exists in these records for finding useful information about your family.

Types of card manifests created

The traditional ship passenger list form made sense for recording passengers arriving on a steamship, but a huge list was unwieldy when recording individuals or families coming by foot, train, or car. Individual card manifests were easier to handle, and could be alphabetically arranged to make it easier to locate an individual's arrival record at some later date for official purposes, such as verification of entry for naturalization applications. Naturally, different forms were used for different purposes. Some of the most common forms are described below.

INS Form 548, 548-B, or I-448, Manifest or Report of Inspection, generally includes the person's name, age, gender, marital status, place of birth, physical description, occupation, citizenship (nationality), race, ability to read and write and in what language, place of last permanent residence, port and date of arrival, destination, purpose for entering the U.S., intention of becoming a U.S. citizen or of returning to country of previous residence, head tax status, and previous citizenships. It also includes the name and address of the friend or relative whom the alien intended to join, persons accompanying the alien, and the name and address of the alien's nearest relative or friend in the country from which he or she came. If the alien had ever been in the U.S. in the past, the dates and places of such residence or visitation are indicated. Additional information may be recorded if the alien appealed a decision deporting or barring him or her from entering the United States. Form 548-B was used for INS records indexing projects by employees of the Works Progress Administration (WPA) during the 1930s.

INS Form 521, a pre-entry examination form, includes the person's name, gender, age, place of birth, country of citizenship, home address, and the names of any accompanying children under age 16. For aliens, the person's occupation, destination in the U.S., the name of the person to whom he was destined, and the intended length of stay in the U.S. were also recorded. The reverse side of the card states, in part, that "This form is intended to facilitate the entry into the United States of returning United States citizens, aliens lawfully resident in the United States returning from a temporary visit to Canada, and aliens coming from Canada for a temporary visit. It should be filled out, signed, and presented to a United States immigration officer at Halifax, Yarmouth, St. John (New Brunswick), Quebec, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, Victory, or Sidney (British Columbia)."

INS Form 657, *Record of Registry*, includes the following information about the alien *as of the alien's date of arrival*: name; age; occupation; race or people; place of last residence before entry; and date, port, place, and means (ship, railway, or other) of arrival in the U.S. This form also includes the following information about the alien *as of the alien's date of registry*: name, age, occupation, physical description, place of residence, and place of birth. It also includes the alien's photograph, date of approval of registry, certificate of registry number, district file number, and bureau (registry) file number.

INS Form 694, *Record of Alien Admitted as Visitor*, includes the person's name, home address, date and place of birth, gender, marital status, occupation, citizenship (nationality), race, color of hair and eyes, height, names and ages of accompanying children under age sixteen, home address and nearest relative there, destination, length of time admitted, signature, and date and place of admission to the U.S. The reverse side indicates the date and port of departure.

INS Form I-94, I-94B, I-94(C), I-94(E), I-94F, or 257D, *Record of Alien Admitted for Temporary Stay*, includes the alien's name, date and place of birth, gender, marital status, occupation, citizenship (nationality), physical description, names of accompanying alien children under age 14,

Alien and Citizen Arrivals at Hogansburg, Malone, Morristown, Nyando, Ogdensburg, Rooseveltown, and Waddington, New York, July 1929-April 1956. 3 rolls. More than 19,000 manifests. M2016 Alphabetical Index of Alien Arrivals at Eagle, Hyder, Ketchikan, Nome, and Skagway, Alaska, June 1906-August 1946. 1 roll. M2017 Lists of Aliens Arriving at Skagway (White Pass), Alaska, October 1906-November 1934. 1 roll. M2018 Lists of Aliens Arriving at Eagle, Alaska, December 1910-October 1938. 1 roll. M2042 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Calais, Maine, ca. 1906-1952. 5 rolls. More than 37,500 manifests. M2046 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Jackman, Maine, ca. 1909-1953. 3 rolls. More than 17,600 manifests. M2044 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien and Citizen Arrivals at Fort Fairfield, Maine, ca. 1909-April 1953. 1 roll. M2065 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Van Buren, Maine, ca. 1906-1952. 1 roll. More than 6,300 manifests. M2071 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Van Buren, Maine, ca. 1906-1952. 1 roll. More than 6,300 manifests. M2071 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Vanceboro, Maine, ca. 1906-December 24, 1952. 13 rolls.	M1482	fests of Alien Arrivals at Alexandria Bay, Cape Vin- cent, Champlain, Clayton, Fort Covington, Mooers, Rouses Point, Thousand Island Bridge, and Trout River, New York, July 1929-April 1956. 3 rolls. More than 22,000 mani- fests. Soundex Card Manifests of
Alien Arrivals at Eagle, Hyder, Ketchikan, Nome, and Skagway, Alaska, June 1906-August 1946. 1 roll. M2017 Lists of Aliens Arriving at Skagway (White Pass), Alaska, October 1906-November 1934. 1 roll. M2018 Lists of Aliens Arriving at Eagle, Alaska, December 1910-October 1938. 1 roll. M2042 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Calais, Maine, ca. 1906- 1952. 5 rolls. More than 37,500 manifests. M2046 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Jackman, Maine, ca. 1909- 1953. 3 rolls. More than 17,600 manifests. M2064 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien and Citizen Arrivals at Fort Fairfield, Maine, ca. 1909-April 1953. 1 roll. M2065 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Van Buren, Maine, ca. 1906-1952. 1 roll. More than 6,300 manifests. M2071 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Vanceboro, Maine, ca. 1906-December 24, 1952.	1411-402	Alien and Citizen Arrivals at Hogansburg, Malone, Morristown, Nyando, Og- densburg, Rooseveltown, and Waddington, New York, July 1929-April 1956. 3 rolls. More than 19,000
at Skagway (White Pass), Alaska, October 1906-November 1934. 1 roll. M2018 Lists of Aliens Arriving at Eagle, Alaska, December 1910-October 1938. 1 roll. M2042 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Calais, Maine, ca. 1906-1952. 5 rolls. More than 37,500 manifests. M2046 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Jackman, Maine, ca. 1909-1953. 3 rolls. More than 17,600 manifests. M2064 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien and Citizen Arrivals at Fort Fairfield, Maine, ca. 1909-April 1953. 1 roll. M2065 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Van Buren, Maine, ca. 1906-1952. 1 roll. More than 6,300 manifests. M2071 Alphabetical Manifest Cards of Alien Arrivals at Vanceboro, Maine, ca. 1906-December 24, 1952.	M2016	Alien Arrivals at Eagle, Hyder, Ketchikan, Nome, and Skagway, Alaska, June
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name and address of nearest relative at home, name and address of person to whom destined, purpose and intended length of U.S. visit, port and date of arrival, and means of transportation. The purpose of the U.S. visit may be described in English (such as "pleasure 1 month") or as "B-2 72 hours" or "P1/3/2/3/8 days")

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Form I-189, Application for Resident Alien's Border Crossing Identification Card, includes the person's name, permanent U.S. address, date and place of birth, gender, marital status, occupation, ability to read and write, citizenship (nationality), physical description, and the date, place, and means of lawful entry into the U.S. for permanent residence. It also includes the alien's signature and/or fingerprint, and the border

crossing identification card number and its date of issuance.

Form I-407, Land Border Departure Record, records an alien's abandonment of lawful domicile in the U.S. The form includes the person's name, age, gender, race, marital status, oc-

cupation, ability to read and write, country of citizenship, country of residence before coming to the U.S., place of last permanent residence in the U.S., place intended as permanent residence (U.S. or foreign city), and alien registration number. It also includes the port, date, and means (auto, railroad, or other) of departure;

over the years.

the date and port of last (most recent) arrival in the U.S.; and place, date, and certificate number of naturalization. For aliens, certain "facts of last recorded admission for permanent residence" were to be noted, including the person's name and the port, date, and means (auto, railroad, or other) of arrival. Other arrival dates and places or visa numbers may also be noted.

The INS microfilmed the original paper records in the 1950s and then destroyed them as a space-saving measure. Microfilming standards in the 1950s were not as stringent as those followed today, and the image quality can vary considerably from record to record, and roll to roll. Also, some manifests were lightly handwritten or typewritten, and those records reproduce more poorly than those recorded in darker ink.

Locating and searching the records

Finding a record of a relative's Canadian border crossing is becoming easier. More records are available as NARA microfilm publications at the National Archives Building, Washington, D.C., and at selected NARA Regional Archives. (Find research facilities having NARA microfilm in NARA's microfilm catalog at Order Online http://www.archives.gov/research/order/orderonline.html. You do not need to register or buy anything.)

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